

On November 25, 1980, Suriname issued stamps for their 5<sup>th</sup> anniversary. (Michel B27)



In 1980, Poland issued a stamp (Michel 2712) commemorating Jan Kochanowski (1530-1584), who wrote a famous chess poem.



On February 21, 1980 Lebanon issued 5 chess stamps to commemorate 50 years of FIDE.



On June 9, 1980 Djibouti issued two chess stamps to celebrate the founding of FIDE. One stamp showed an illustration of Saemisch and Romanovsky. Another stamp showed a 15th century illustration of chess.



On October 1, 1980 Romania issued 4 chess stamps to commemorate the 24th Chess Olympiad in Malta.



On November 18, 1980, Brazil issued a stamp (Scott: 1723) commemorating postal chess. The value of the stamp was 5-cruzeiro. It was designed by Wilson Maria dos Antos.





On November 20, 1980, Malta issued three stamps (2.5 cents, 8 cents, and 30 cents) to commemorate the 1980 FIDE Congress and the 24th Chess Olympiad in Valletta, Malta. The Olympiad was held from November 20 to December 8, 1980. The stamps were designed by Harry Borg and printed by Printx Limited.



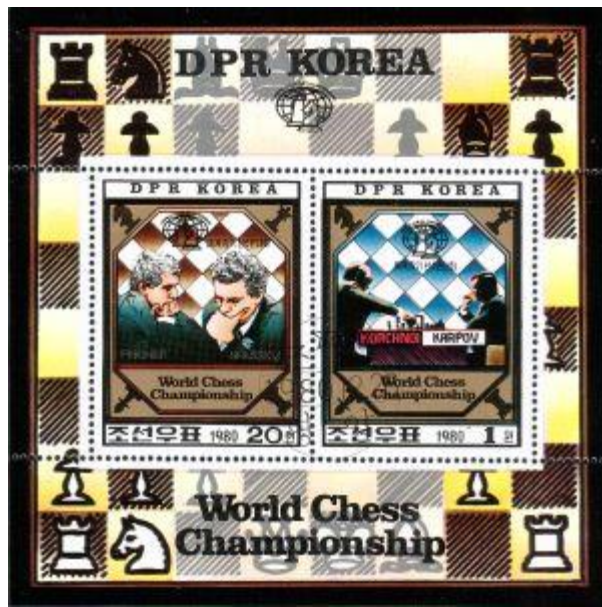
On December 15, 1980 Paraguay issued 9 chess stamps commemorating the World Chess Championship. The stamps are illustrated with miniatures from the Alfonso manuscript. The 3g (guaranis) stamp depicts "The Great Chess Game." The 4g stamp depicts King Alfonso presiding over the game of Squares. The 5g stamp depicts chess being played according to the four seasons. The 6g stamp depicts King Alfonso dictating the Books of Chess. The 7g stamp depicts a man and a Moorish woman playing chess. The 8g stamp depicts two Moorish women playing chess. The 10g stamp depicts two knights playing chess. The 20g stamp depicts a nun showing a novice how to play chess. The 25g stamp depicts players and a board with Arabic chess symbols.



On December 28, 1980 North Korea issued two chess stamps to commemorate the World Chess Championship between Karpov and Korchnoi in Merano and the World Chess Championship between Fischer and Spassky in Reykjavik.







On May 4, 1981 Italy issued a chess stamp depicting Living Chess.



On May 4, 1981 Luxembourg issued a chess stamp to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the Luxembourg Chess Federation.



On September 30, 1981 Mongolia issued 6 stamps (Scott: 1202-1208) depicting wood chess pieces, and a high denomination souvenir sheet. The wood chess pieces are: pawn (goat), castle (cart), bishop (camel), knight (horse), queen (lion) and king (man and dog). The souvenir sheet features men playing chess.



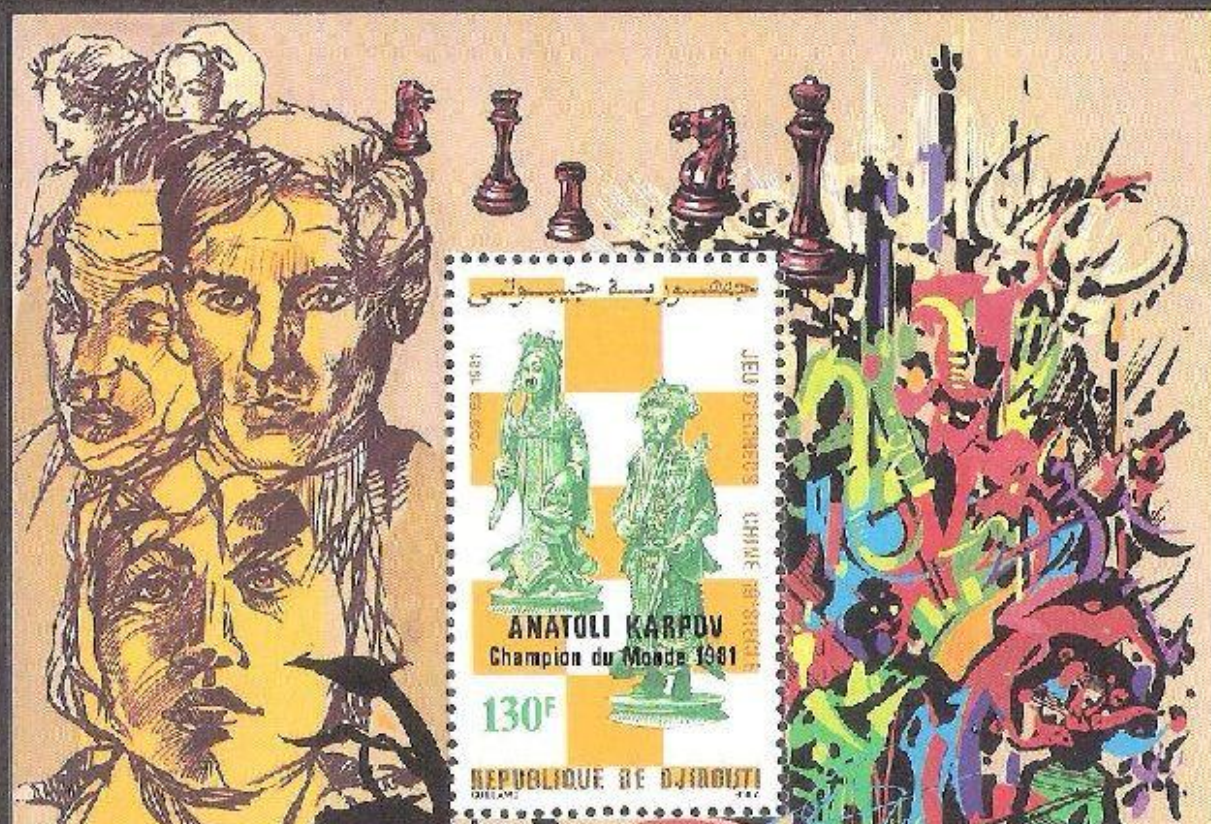
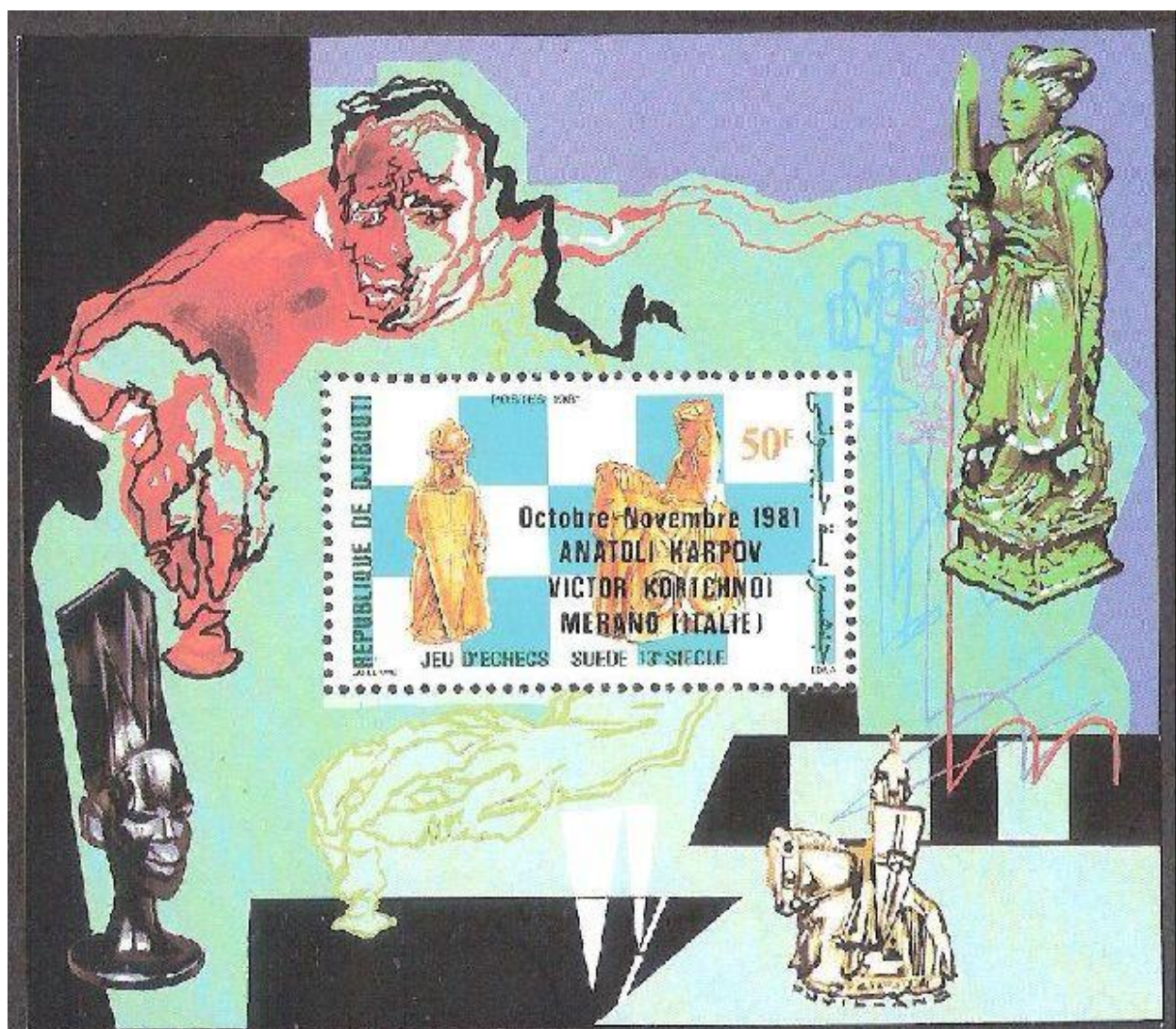


On October 15, 1981 Djibouti issued two chess stamps showing Swedish and Chinese chess pieces.



In December 1981, Djibouti issued two chess stamps to commemorate the World Championship match in Merano.







On December 31, 1981 Mali issued two chess stamps to commemorate the World Championship match in Merano.



In 1981, Saint Thomas issued 8 stamps (Michel 703/0) depicting the World Championship match in Merano.





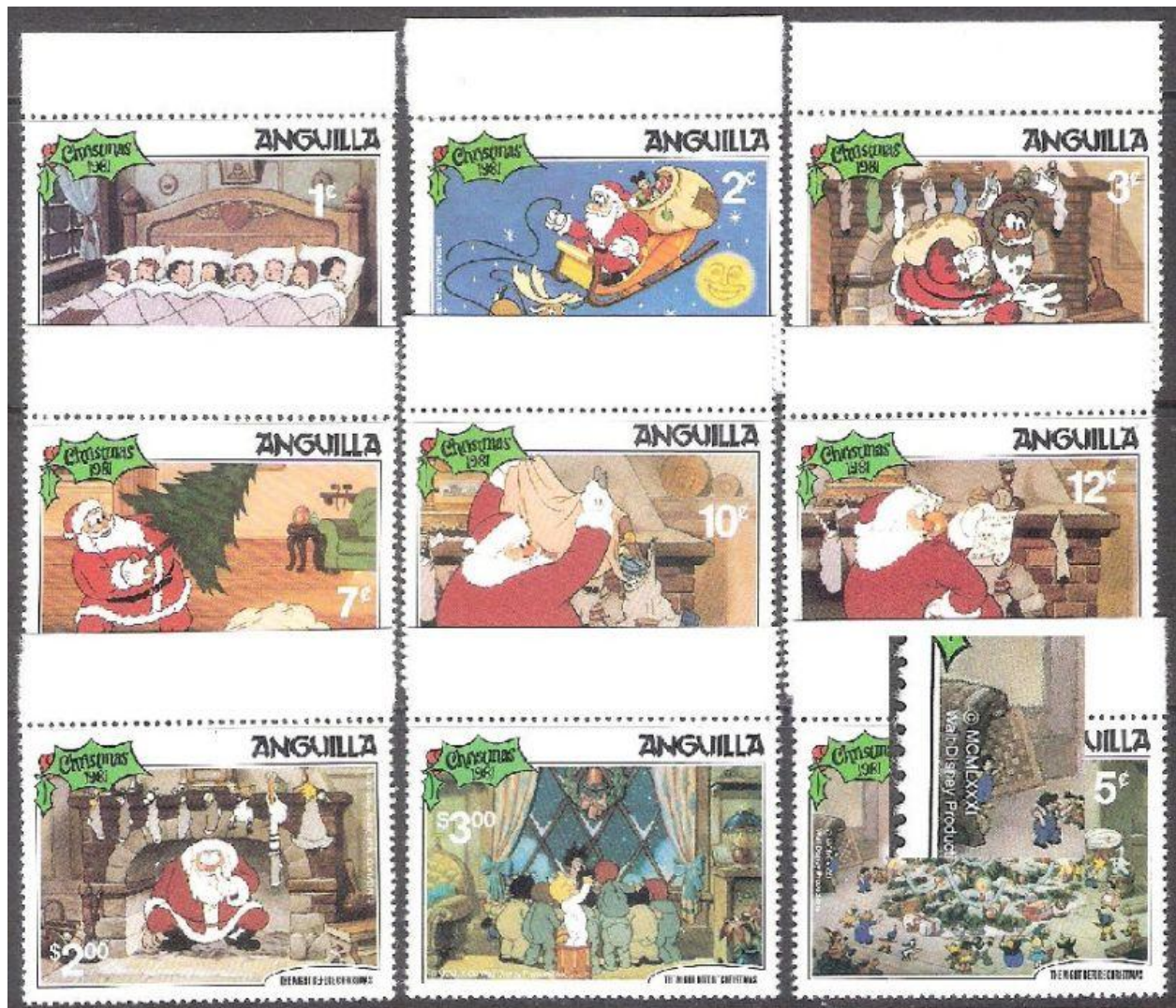


In 1981, Uruguay issued a stamp with a chess theme.

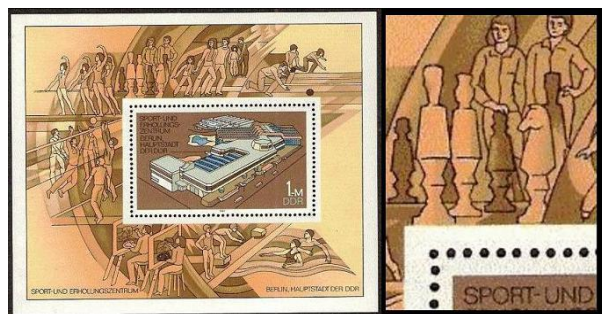




In 1981, Anguilla issued some cartoon Christmas stamps. The 2 dollar stamp has a chessboard picture.



In 1981, East Germany issued a stamp depicting a sports center in Berlin had a chess piece on the border.



On January 30, 1982 Mali issued a stamp to commemorate the 150th anniversary of Lewis Carroll. The stamp had a chess board in the background with Lewis Carroll and Alice in Wonderland.



On April 8, 1982 Djibouti issued two chess stamps to commemorate the World Championship match in Merano.







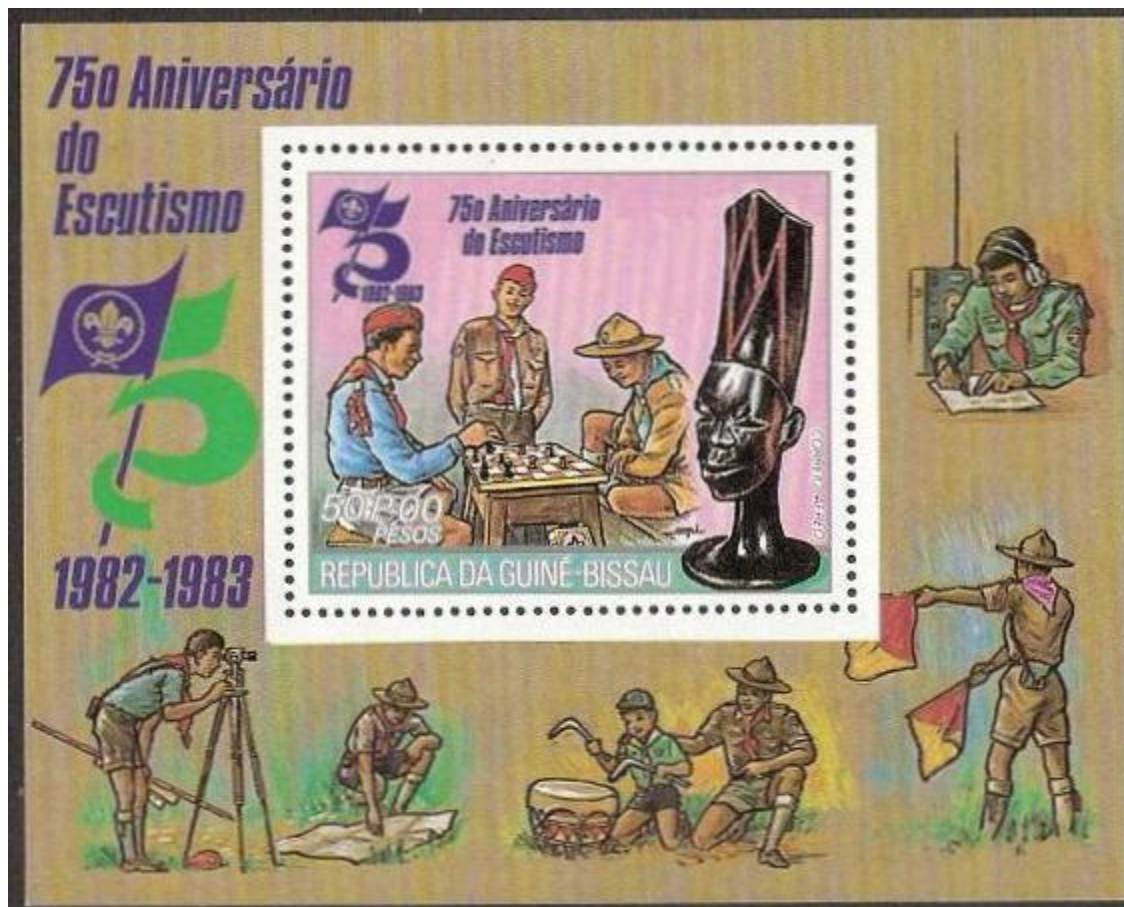
On April 14, 1982 Gibraltar issued a stamp called HMS Rooke with a picture of a rook.

On May 1, 1982 Libya issued several chess stamps to commemorate the World Championship match in Moscow.



On June 9, 1982 Guinea-Bissau issued a chess stamp to commemorate the 75th anniversary of scouting. It depicted scouts playing chess.





On September 6, 1982 the USSR issued a chess stamp to commemorate the World Championship match in Moscow.



On September 22, 1982 the USSR issued a chess stamp to commemorate the World Championship match in Moscow, celebrating Karpov's victory and his chess Oscars.





On November 13, 1982, Hungary had a postcard for the Hirlap Cup with a special chess stamp and a First Day Cover.



On December 24, 1982 Chad issued 7 stamps depicting Philidor, Morphy, Staunton, Capablanca, Spassky, Karpov, and Korchnoi. Capablanca was referred to as 'Jean-Paul' Capablanca.

REPUBLIQUE DU TCHAD



LES GRANDS MAITRES DES ECHECS



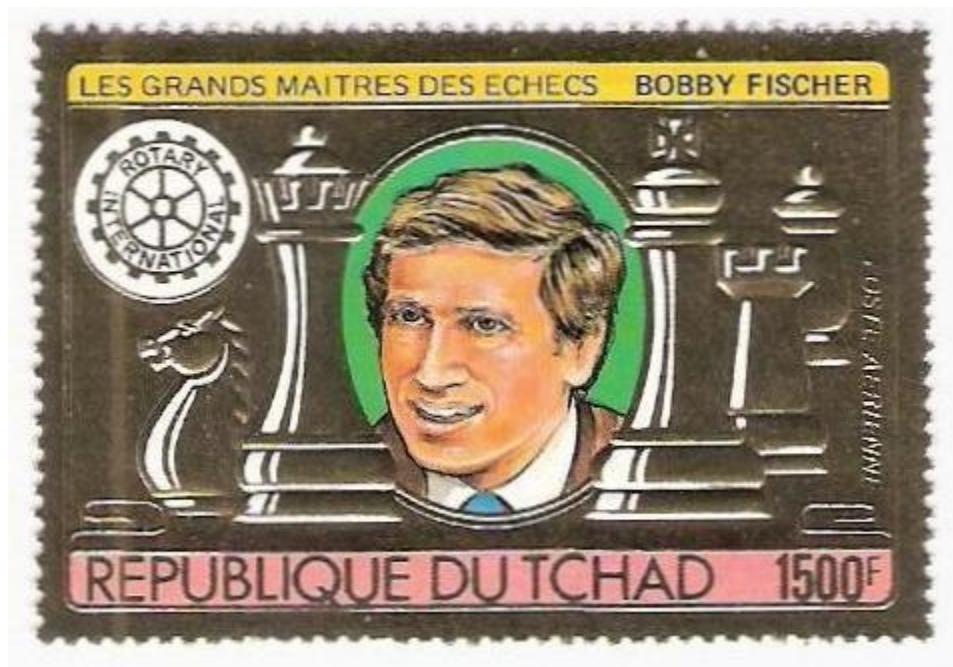


On December 29, 1982 Cuba issued 4 chess stamps commemorating the 40th anniversary of Capablanca's death.

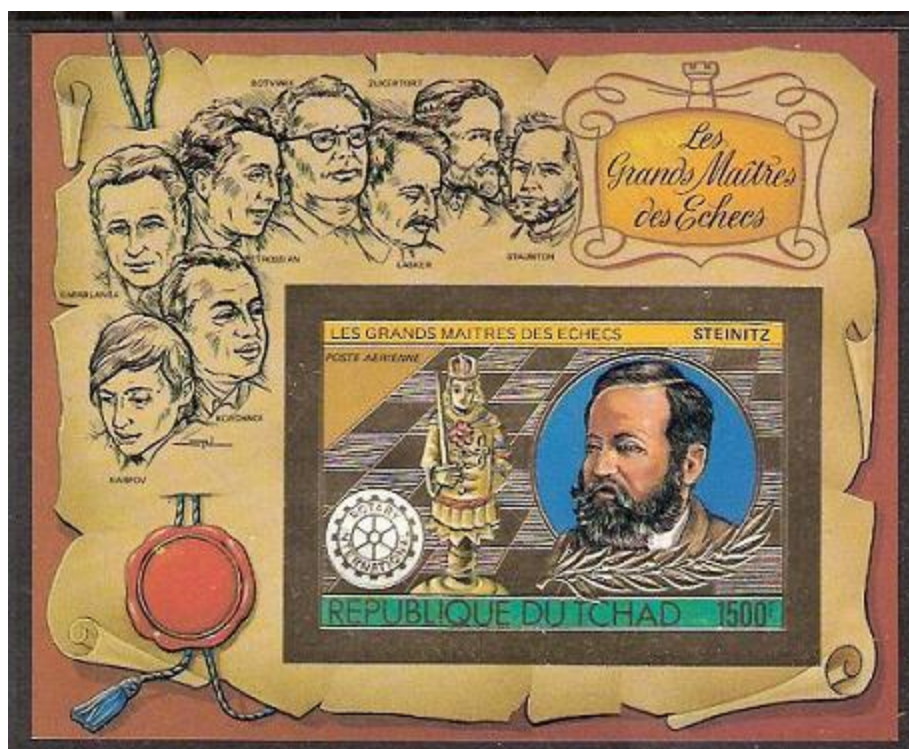




In 1982, Chad issued a stamp commemorating Bobby Fischer.

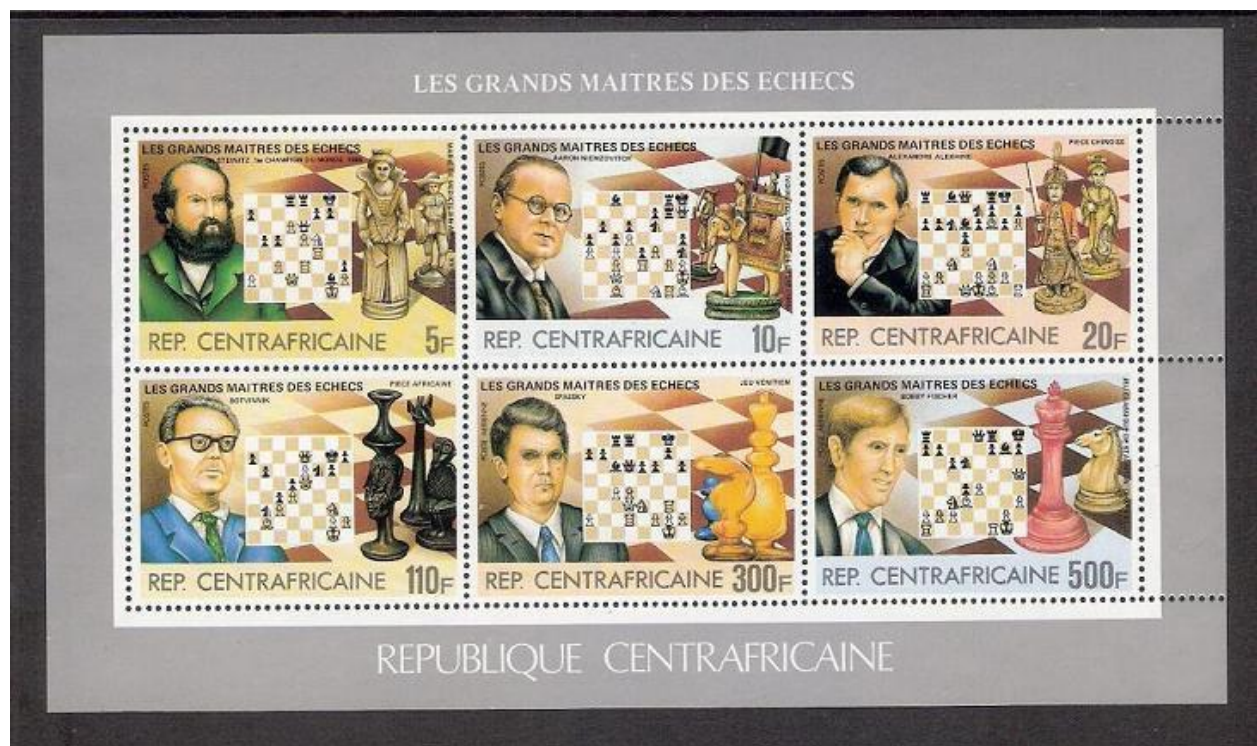


In 1982, Chad issued a stamp commemorating Steinitz.

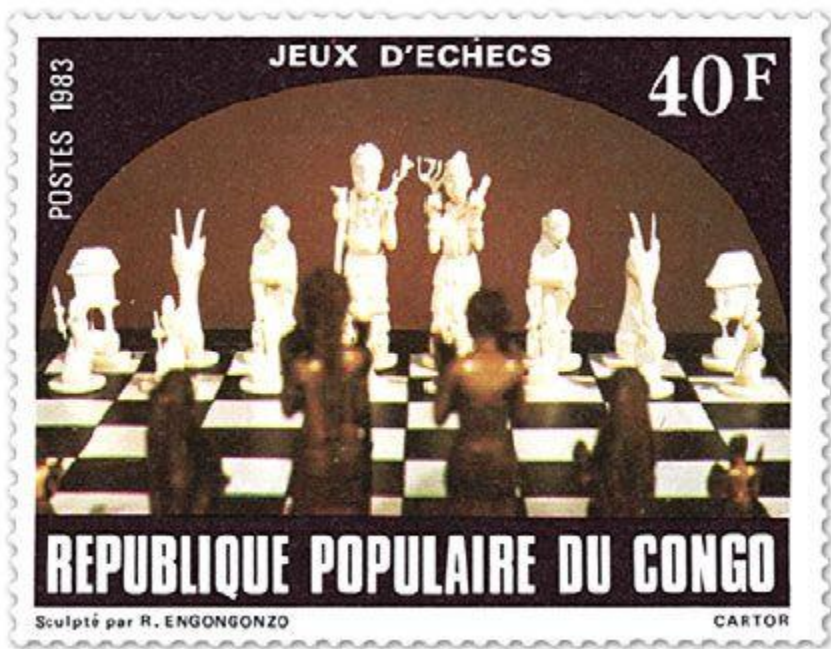


On January 15, 1983 Central Africa issued 7 chess stamps depicting Steinitz, Nimzowitsch, Alekhine, Botvinnik, Spassky, and Fischer. Each stamp also had a chess position. The Botvinnik position is from Botvinnik-Capablanca, AVRO 1938. The Fischer position is from Fischer-Benko, New York 1963. The Alekhine position is from Alekhine-Rubinstein, The Hague 1921. The Nimzowitsch position is from Johner-Nimzovich, Dresden 1926. The Steinitz position is not from a Steinitz game at all. It is from Spassky-Smyslov, Bucharest 1953. The Spassky position is from Steinitz-Zukertort, 1886. The positions for Steinitz and Spassky were on the wrong stamps.





On February 26, 1983 Congo issued a chess stamp depicting African chess pieces.



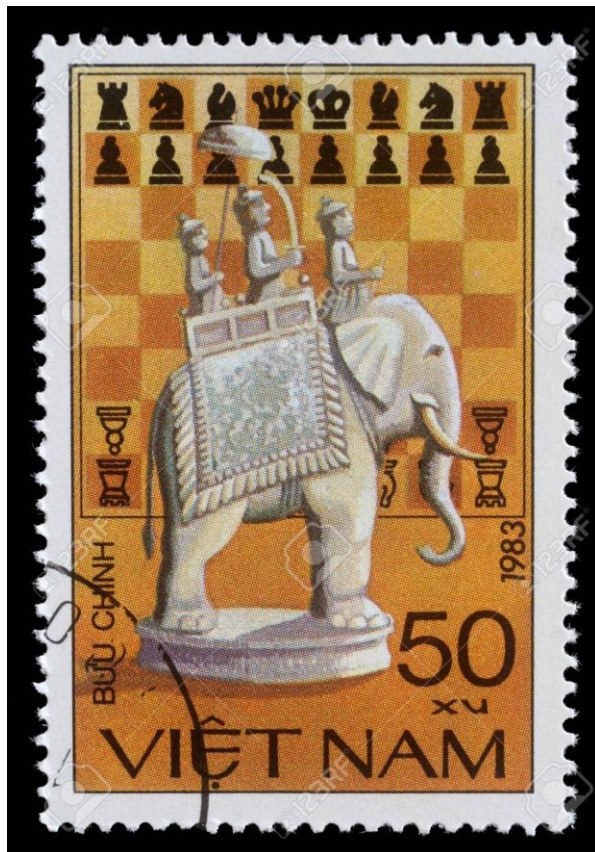
On May 2, 1983 the Faroe Islands issued two chess stamps depicting a king and a queen.





On May 9, 1983 Vietnam issued 7 chess stamps depicting chess. The stamps feature the following chess pieces: Vietnamese pawns, Indian elephant, Scottish knight and bishop, a different Indian elephant piece, a knight, a sailing ship, a jester and elephant, and modern pawns.





On June 11, 1983, Guinea-Bissau issued a souvenir sheet (Scott: 480) commemorating the history of chess. The single high denomination stamp features an early chess game. Portraits of chess champions Steinitz, Morphy, Capablanca, Alekhine, and Lasker surround the chess game.



On June 13, 1983, Guinea-Bissau issued 8 chess stamps depicting chess pieces through the ages.





On June 20, 1983 Albania issued a chess stamp depicting an individual playing chess and using a chess clock.

On June 20, 1983 Bulgaria issued a chess stamp to commemorate the 8th European Team Championship in Plovdiv. It depicted chess pieces on a map of Europe.



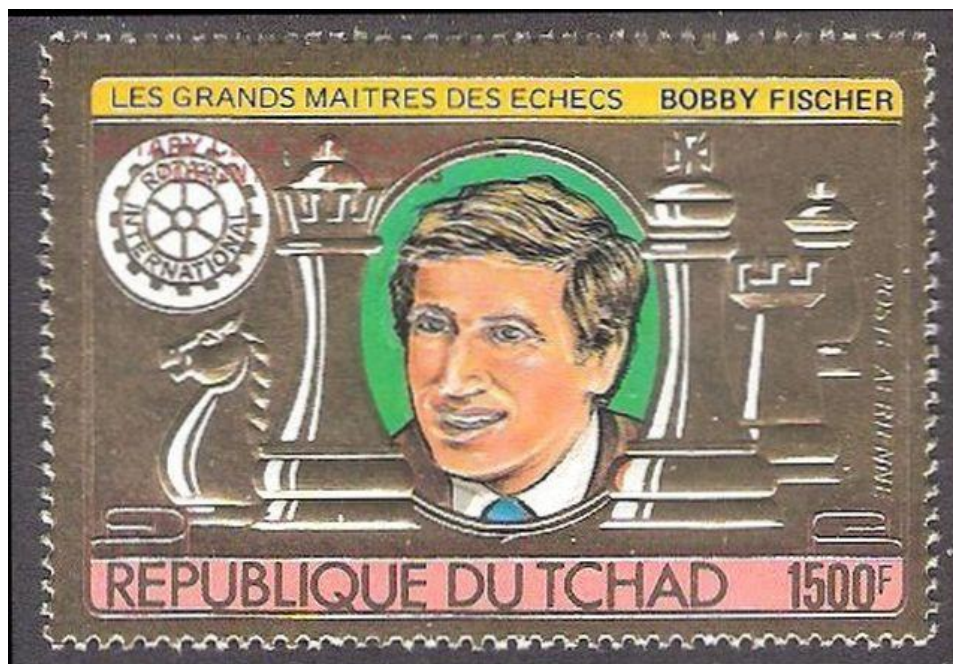
On August 20, 1983 Nicaragua issued 7 chess stamps depicting chess pieces.



On October 24, 1983 Mali issued 4 chess stamps (300, 420, 500, and 700) depicting drawn chess pieces.



On December 27, 1983 Chad issued 9 chess stamps to commemorate the 60th anniversary of FIDE (1924-1984).







On February 20, 1984, the British Virgin Islands issued a set of 4 stamps to commemorate the 24th Chess Olympiad in Malta and the 60th anniversary of FIDE. The stamps were designed by Leslie Curtis and printed by the House of Questa.



On February 20, 1984 Romania issued a series of chess stamps to commemorate the 15th Balkan Championship.



On April 14, 1984, Laos issued 7 chess stamps to commemorate the 60th anniversary of FIDE. They illustrate various medieval and Renaissance chess games.





On April 26, 1984 Mauritania issued a stamp with a globe and chess pieces on it.



On May 21, 1984 Burkina Faso (Upper Volta) issued a chess stamp depicting Karpov.



On July 20, 1984 Guyana issued a series of chess stamps to commemorate the 60th anniversary of FIDE.

On July 27, 1984 Madagascar issued 6 chess stamps and a souvenir sheet to commemorate the 60th anniversary of FIDE. They depicted Steinitz, Menchik, Karpov, and Gaprindashvili.



On August 8, 1984, Barbados issued 4 stamps to commemorate the 60th anniversary of FIDE. The 25c stamp depicts a local junior match. The 45c stamp depicts a Staunton knight and a 19th Century Knight. The 65c stamp depicts a Staunton Queen and an 18th century Queen. The \$2 stamp depicts a Staunton Rook and a 17th century Rook. The stamps were designed by Leslie Curtis and printed by Walsall Security.





On August 20, 1984, Taiwan issued a chess stamp.

On August 30, 1984 Guinea issued a chess stamp to commemorate the World Championship match in Baguio City.

On September 7, 1984 the USSR issued two chess stamps to commemorate the World Chess Championships. One blue 15-kopeck stamp (Scott: 5291, Michel: 5431) commemorates the men's championship in Moscow. A red 15-kopeck stamp (Scott: 5290, Michel: 5432) honors the women's championship in Volgograd.





On September 14, 1984 Trinidad and Tobago issued 4 chess stamps to commemorate the 60th anniversary of FIDE.



On October 10, 1984 Suriname issued 6 chess stamps to commemorate the World Championship match in Moscow. It included pictures of Karpov and Kasparov. One of the stamps (90c) shows a position taken from a game between Adolf Anderssen and Lionel Kieseritzky in 1851.





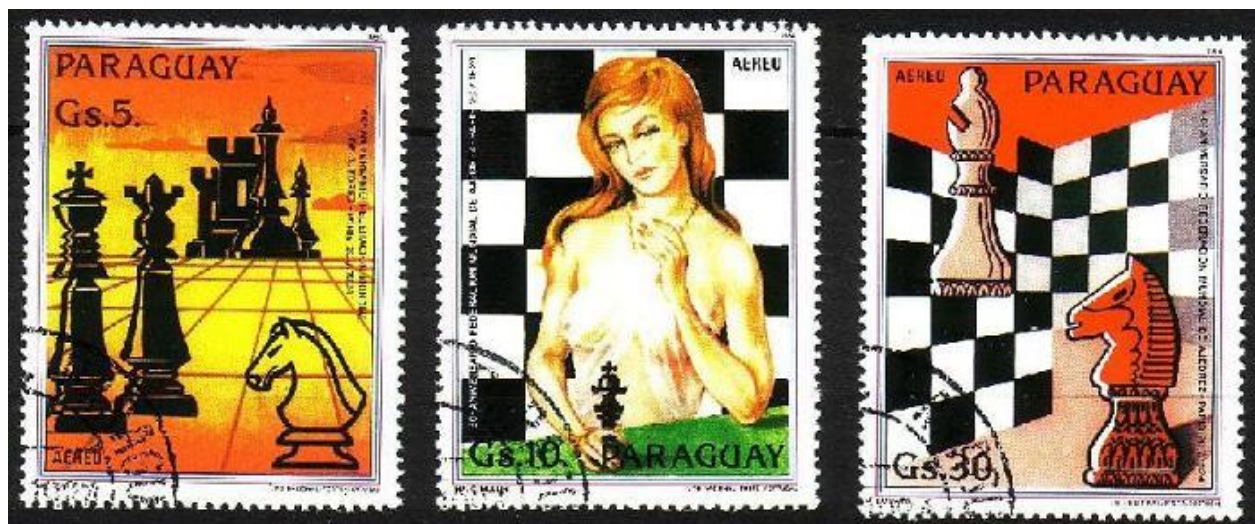
On December 21, 1984 Kenya issued 5 chess stamps to commemorate the 60th anniversary of FIDE.



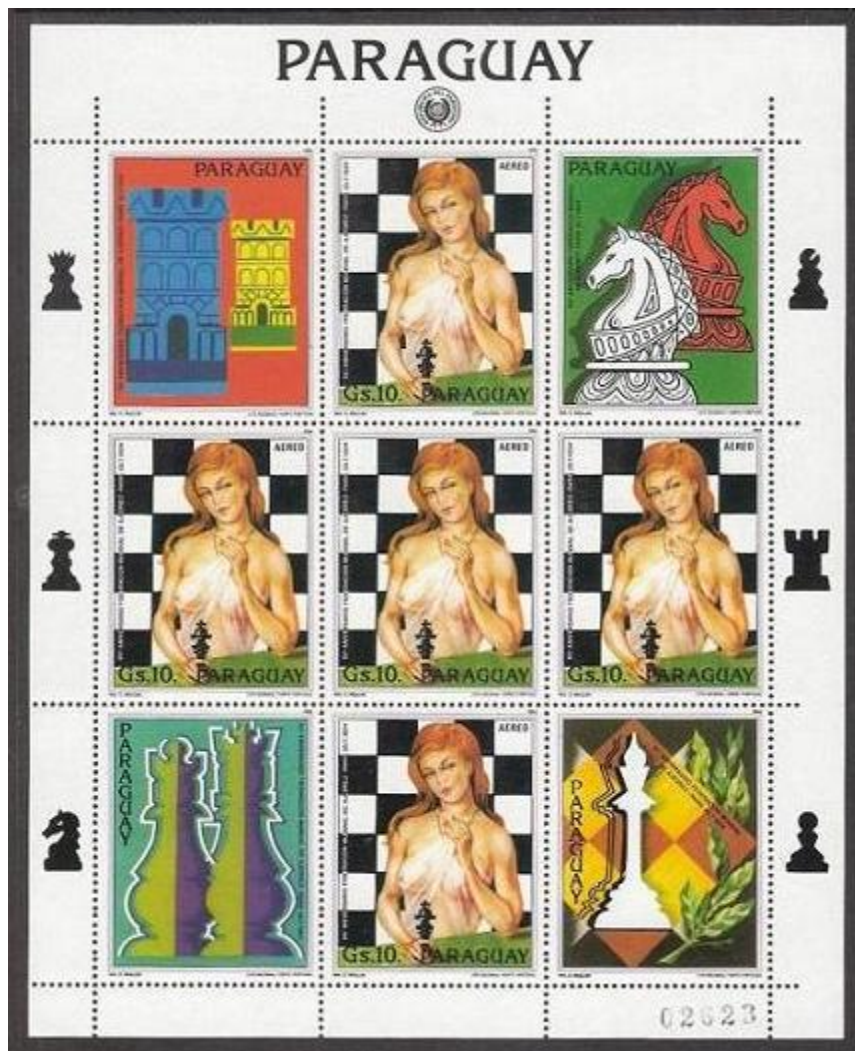
On December 22, 1984 Central Africa issued a chess stamp depicting Karpov.



In 1984, Paraguay issued 3 stamps depicting chess.







On February 23, 1985 Djibouti issued a chess stamp commemorating the UK vs US Championship.



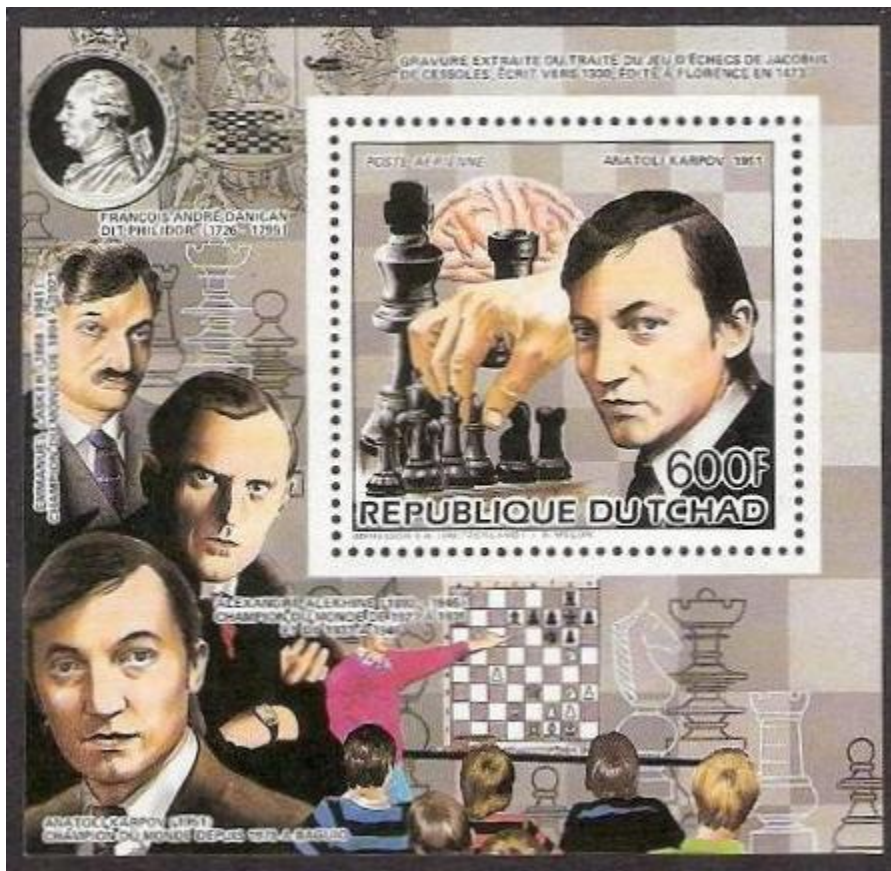


On April 13, 1985 Czechoslovakia issued a chess stamp commemorating the 80th anniversary of the Czech Chess Organization.



On April 15, 1985, Grenada issued a chess stamp depicting children playing chess.

On May 25, 1985, Chad issued a chess stamp depicting Philidor, Lasker, Alekhine, and Karpov.



On August 20, 1985 South Korea issued a stamp depicting Korean chess.



On August 28, 1985 Austria issued a chess stamp to commemorate the World Chess Congress in Graz. It depicted a chess globe.



On September 2, 1985, the USSR issued a 10-kopeck stamp to commemorate the 1985 World Chess Championship between Anatoly Karpov and Garry Kasparov in Moscow.





On September 10, 1985 the United Arab Emirates (UAE) issued 2 chess stamps to commemorate the World Junior Championship.



On October 12, 1985 Sweden (Sverige) issued a chess stamp.



On November 9, 1985 Suriname issued a chess stamp to commemorate the World Championship between Kasparov and Karpov in Moscow. It depicted Kasparov's victory.



In 1985, Austria issued a stamp commemorating the chess novel writer Stefan Zweig (1881-1942).



In 1985, Bolivia issued a stamp and souvenir sheet commemorating the FIDE Chess Congress.





In 1985, Guinea issued a stamp depicting chess and stating that Kasparov was champion of the world.

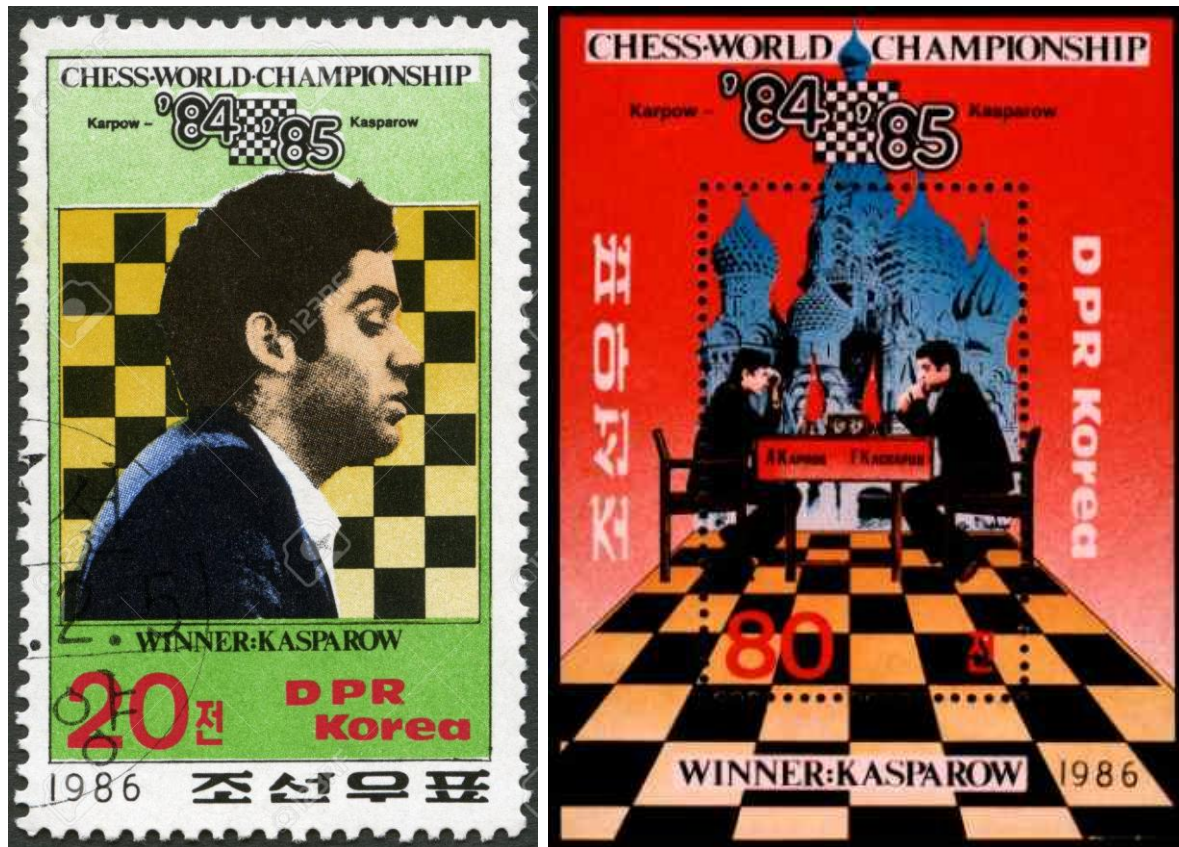


On February 3, 1986 the Faroe Islands issued 4 chess stamps that depicted chess pieces.



On February 5, 1986 North Korea issued a chess stamp to commemorate the World Championship between Kasparov and Karpov in Moscow.





On March 17, 1986 Tanzania issued 2 chess stamps to commemorate the World Championship in London and Leningrad, and the Rotary International.



On March 19, 1986 Tuvalu issued a chess stamp depicting a knight.



On June 16, 1986 Mali issued two chess stamps to commemorate the World Championship in London and Leningrad. One stamp depicted floating chess pieces.



On August 28, 1986 Kampuchea (Cambodia) issued a series of stamps depicting Ruy Lopez, Philidor, Anderssen, Steinitz, Lasker, Capablanca, and Alekhine. One of the stamps spelled Anderssen as 'Andersen.'





On October 13, 1986 the Republic of Djibouti issued two chess stamps to commemorate the World Championship in London and Leningrad.



On November 14, 1986 the United Arab Emirates issued a series of chess stamps to commemorate the 27th Chess Olympiad in Dubai.



On November 20, 1986 Mongolia issued 7 stamps (Scott 1562A-H) depicting world chess champions Steinitz, Lasker, Alekhine, Botvinnik, Karpov, Gaprinidze, and Chiburdanidze. A souvenir sheet was also issued which included portraits of 8 champions.



On December 10, 1986 Yugoslavia issued a 100 dinar stamp depicting a knight, drawn by Victor Vasarely (1906-1997).





In 1986, Djibouti issued two stamps commemorating the world chess championship in Leningrad.





In 1986, the Faroe Islands issued 4 stamps depicting tales and legends with a chess motif.



On November 1, 1987 Guinea issued a chess stamp depicting Kasparov. A position on the stamp is from Karpov-Kasparov, match game 22, 1986.





On November 2, 1987, Suriname issued a chess stamp.



On February 8, 1988 Malawi issued a series of chess stamps depicting chess pieces.



On February 15, 1988 Central Africa issued a chess stamp depicting Kasparov.



On March 25, 1988 Benin issued a stamp with a chess piece.

On June 1, 1988 Guinea-Bissau issued 7 stamps depicting Philidor, Staunton, Anderssen, Morphy, Steinitz, Lasker, and Capablanca. Philidor was referred to as 'Fracois' Philidor. A mini-sheet was also issued depicting Ruy Lopez.





On July 13, 1988 Libya issued a stamp depicting Gaddafi playing chess.

On July 15, 1988 Cuba issued a series of chess stamps depicting Capablanca and his 100th birthday.



On August 25, 1988 the British Virgin Islands issued two chess stamps commemorating the first annual British Virgin Island tournament.

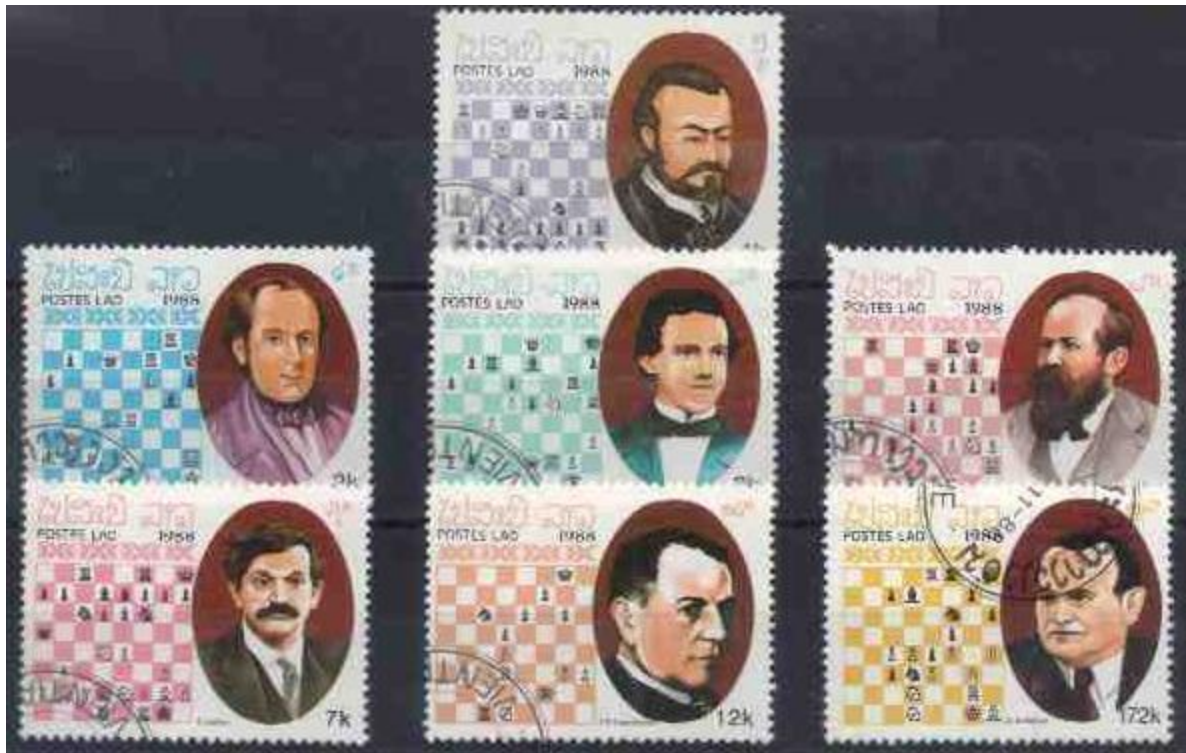


On September 18, 1988 North Korea issued a chess stamp depicting a chess painting by Lucas van Leyden.

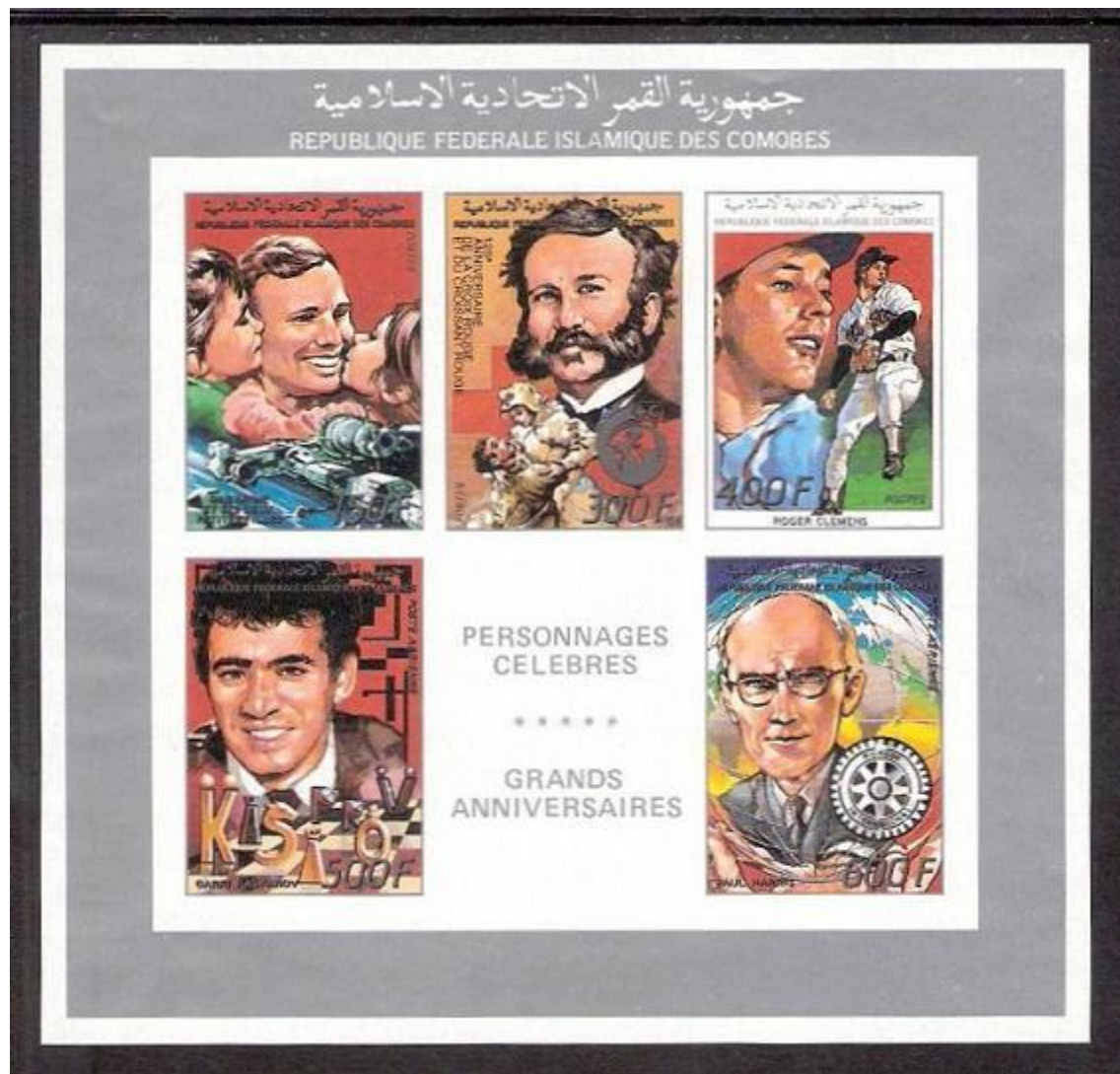


On November 22, 1988 Laos issued a series of chess stamps depicting Ruy Lopez, Anderssen, Morphy, Steinitz, Lasker, Capablanca, and Alekhine. Each stamp had a chess position. The Anderssen position came from Kolisch-Anderssen, London 1861. The Morphy position came from Morphy-Harrwitz, Paris 1858. The Steinitz position came from Anderssen-Steinitz, Vienna 1873. The Lasker position came from IlyIn Zhenevsky-Lasker, 1925. The Capablanca position came from Capablanca-Lasker, Havana 1921. The Alekhine position came from Bogoljubov-Alekhine, Hastings 1922.





On December 6, 1988 Comores issued a chess stamp depicting Kasparov.



In 1988, Comores issued a stamp depicting a red and black chess board design. (Michel 869)

On February 2, 1989 Afghanistan issued seven chess stamps depicting boards and players.





On April 17, 1989 Morocco issued a stamp commemorating the 25th anniversary of the Morocco Chess Federation.

On May 16, 1989 Great Britain issued a stamp depicting a chess board, and parts of other games.



On July 31, 1989 Macau issued a stamp depicting Chinese chess.

In 1989, Jersey issues stamps of children's games. (Michel 476/9)

